Shoulder Exam

Patient Information			
Name:	Age:	Gender:	
Chief Complaint:			
Date of Injury/Onset of Symptoms:	Occupation or Sport:		
Observation			
Inspection of the shoulder area for:			
Comparison with the Opposite Shoulder:			
Range of Motion (ROM)			
Active and Passive Shoulder Flexion:			
Active and Passive Shoulder Extension:			
Active and Passive Shoulder Abduction:			
Active and Passive Shoulder Adduction:			
Active and Passive External Rotation:			
Active and Passive Internal Rotation:			
Note any pain, crepitus, or end-feel of the joint:			
Strength			
Manual Muscle Testing of Shoulder Flexion:			
Manual Muscle Testing of Shoulder Extension:			
Manual Muscle Testing of Shoulder Abduction:			
Manual Muscle Testing of Shoulder Adduction:			
Manual Muscle Testing of External Rotation:			
Manual Muscle Testing of Internal Rotation:			
Isometric Testing or Handheld Dynamometry:			
Note any weakness or muscle imbalance:			
Special Tests			
Neer's Test:			
Hawkins-Kennedy Test:			
Speed's Test:			
Yergason's Test:			
Empty Can Test:			



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Special Tests		
Drop Arm Test:		
Apprehension Test:		
Relocation Test:		
Palpation		
Shoulder Joint:		
Clavicle:		
Scapula:		
Acromioclavicular Joint:		
Coracoid Process:		
Bicipital Groove:		
Surrounding Soft Tissues:		
Identify tenderness, swelling, or deformities:		
Functional Assessment		
Limitations or difficulties with daily activities such as reaching overhead, dressing, and lifting:		
Functional deficits in sports-specific movements or occupational tasks:		
Additional Tests		
Imaging Studies such as X-rays, MRI, or Ultrasound if needed:		
Treatment Plan		