Prediabetes Diet Plan

Patient Information	
Name: Date of Birth: Other Relevant Information:	
Breakfast	Mid-Morning Snack
 Whole-grain oats or quinoa porridge Portion size:	 Apple slices with a tablespoon of almond butter Portion size: Beverage (Herbal tea or water) Without added sugar
 Health Notes: Adjust portion sizes based on patient's calorie needs. Monitor any adverse reactions or preferences related to suggested foods. 	 HealthNotes: Consider patient preferences and allergies when recommending snacks. Encourage regular hydration.
Lunch	Afternoon Snack
 Grilled chicken or tofu salad with a variety of colorful vegetables Portion size: Quinoa or brown rice as a side Portion size: Olive oil and lemon vinaigrette dressing 	 Carrot and cucumber sticks with hummus Portion size:

Healthcare Notes: Healthcare Notes: Modify protein sources based on dietary • Evaluate the impact of snacks on blood preferences and restrictions. sugar levels. Discuss cooking methods to optimize Assess the need for additional snacks nutritional value. based on activity levels. **Evening Snack (if needed) Dinner** Baked or grilled fish (salmon, trout) or Low-fat, plain yogurt with a sprinkle of lean protein (chicken, turkey) cinnamon Portion size: _____ Portion size: Steamed or roasted non-starchy A small handful of nuts (almonds, vegetables (broccoli, cauliflower, walnuts) Brussels sprouts) Portion size: Portion size: Sweet potato or cauliflower mash Portion size: **Healthcare Notes: Healthcare Notes:** · Discuss cooking methods and Evaluate the necessity of an evening seasoning options. snack based on patient lifestyle. · Adjust portion sizes to meet individual · Monitor any changes in blood sugar needs and preferences. levels related to dinner choices.

General Guidelines Recommendations and Goals Carbohydrates: Physical activity recommendations. Emphasize whole grains over refined Blood sugar monitoring guidelines. grains. Follow-up appointments and · Limit sugary foods, including sweets and adjustments to the diet plan. sugary beverages. Protein: Include lean protein sources. Fats: Opt for healthy fats from olive oil, avocados, and nuts. Vegetables: Aim for a variety of colorful, non-starchy vegetables.

Fruits:Choose whole fruits and monitor portion sizes.

Beverages:

• Stay hydrated with water, herbal teas, or black coffee.

Portion Control:

Monitor portion sizes to avoid overeating.

Regular Meals:

• Encourage consistent meal timing.

Additional notes: