Pisiform Fracture Test

Name:

Date:

Instructions

- 1. Instruct the patient to sit comfortably on a chair with their elbow resting on a table or armrest.
- 2. Place your thumb over the pisiform bone, which is located on the ulnar side of the wrist, just below the pinky finger.
- 3. Using gentle pressure, try to move the pisiform bone in a circular motion.
- 4. Ask the patient if they feel any pain or discomfort during this movement.
- 5. Next, ask the patient to bend their wrist towards their palm and then extend it back as far as they can.
- 6. While the patient is performing this motion, apply gentle pressure with your thumb on the pisiform bone.
- 7. Again, ask the patient if they feel any pain or discomfort during this movement.
- 8. Repeat steps 4-7 on the other wrist to compare and assess for any differences in symptoms or pain levels.
- 9. Note any tenderness, swelling, or clicking sound that may be present during the test.
- 10. If the patient experiences pain or discomfort during manual palpitation of the pisiform bone, there may be a possible fracture or injury.

Note: After performing the manual palpitation, if there is a suspicion of a pisiform fracture or injury, imaging techniques such as X-rays or MRI may be necessary for further diagnosis and treatment planning.

Findings:

Additional notes: