Pathological Demand Avoidance Test

Date:		
Patient's Name:		
Date of Birth:	Age:	Gender:
Instructions and Reminders:		

- Please answer the questions thinking about the patient's behavior during the last six months.
- Please read each item carefully and fill in the answer that best applies. There are no right or wrong answers.
- If the patient is a child, the questionnaire should be completed by a parent, carer, or teacher who has had frequent contact with the child for the past six months.

	Not true	Somewhat True	Mostly True	Very True
Obsessively resists and avoids ordinary demands and requests.				
Complains about illness or physical incapacity when avoiding a request or demand.				
3. Is driven by the need to be in charge.				
 Finds everyday pressures (e.g. having to go on a school trip/ visit dentist) intolerably stressful. 				
5. Tells other children how they should behave, but does not feel these rules apply to him/herself.				
 Mimics adult mannerisms and styles (e.g. uses phrases adopted from teacher/parent to tell other children off). 				

7. Has difficulty complying with demands unless they are carefully presented.		
8. Takes on roles or characters (from TV/real life) and 'acts them out'.		
9. Shows little shame or embarrassment (e.g. might throw a tantrum in public and not be embarrassed).		
Invents fantasy worlds or games and acts them out		
11. Good at getting round others and making them do as s/he wants.		
12. Seems unaware of the differences between him/herself and authority figures (e.g. parents, teachers, police).		
13. If pressurised to do something, s/he may have a 'meltdown' (e.g. scream, tantrum, hit or kick).		
14. Likes to be told s/he has done a good job.		
15. Mood changes very rapidly (e.g. switches from affectionate to angry in an instant).		
16. Knows what to do or say to upset specific people.		
17. Blames or targets a particular person.		

18. Denies behaviour s/he has committed, even when caught red handed.		
19. Seems as if s/he is distracted 'from within'.		
20. Makes an effort to maintain his/her reputation with peers.		
21. Uses outrageous or shocking behaviour to get out of doing something.		
22. Has bouts of extreme emotional responses to small events (e.g. crying/giggling, becoming furious).		
23. Social interaction has to be on his or her own terms.		
24. Prefers to interact with others in an adopted role, or communicate through props/toys.		
25. Attempts to negotiate better terms with adults		
26. S/he was passive and difficult to engage as an infant.		

Generating Scores

Questions	1-26	(apart	from	questions	14	and	20):
Quodilono		(apait	11 0111	quodilono		ana	

- Not true = **0**
- Somewhat true = 1
- Mostly true = 2
- Very true = **3**

Questions 14 & 20:

- Not true = **3**
- Somewhat true = 2
- Mostly true = 1
- Very true = **0**

Patient's	Score:	

Interpretation Guide

- Age 5 11 years: If the patient obtains a total score of 50 or more, they are at high risk of showing features of Extreme Demand Avoidance.
- Age 12 17 years: If the patient obtains a total score of 45 or more, they are at high risk of showing features of Extreme Demand Avoidance.

Additional Notes:

Source:

O'Nions, E.J., Christie, P., Gould, J., Viding, E., & Happé, F. (2014). Development of the 'Extreme Demand Avoidance Questionnaire' (EDA-Q): preliminary observations on a trait measure for Pathological Demand Avoidance. *Journal of child psychology and psychiatry, and allied disciplines, 55 7*, 758-68.