

Medical Terminology PDF

Term	Definition	Example
Anemia	A condition marked by a deficiency of red blood cells	"Anemia can cause fatigue and weakness due to less oxygen in the body."
Arthritis	Inflammation of the joints	"Arthritis can cause pain and stiffness in various joints."
Bradycardia	Slower than normal heart rate	"Bradycardia was observed, indicating a heart rate below normal."
Bronchitis	Inflammation of the bronchial tubes in the lungs	"Bronchitis often results in a persistent cough."
Cardiomyopathy	Disease of the heart muscle affecting its size, shape, and structure	"Cardiomyopathy can lead to heart failure if not treated."
Dermatitis	Inflammation of the skin	"Dermatitis can be triggered by allergens or irritants."
Dyspnea	Difficulty or labored breathing	"Shortness of breath, or dyspnea, can be a symptom of heart issues."
Edema	Swelling caused by excess fluid trapped in the body's tissues	"Edema in the legs can be a sign of heart or kidney problems."
Fibrosis	Thickening and scarring of connective tissue	"Pulmonary fibrosis affects the lungs' ability to function properly."
Gastroenteritis	Inflammation of the stomach and intestines	"Gastroenteritis is often caused by a virus or food poisoning."
Hemorrhage	Excessive or profuse bleeding	"The patient was experiencing a hemorrhage after the surgery."
Hyperglycemia	Higher than normal blood sugar levels	"Hyperglycemia is a concern for individuals with diabetes."
Hypertension	High blood pressure	"Your hypertension requires medication to lower your blood pressure."
Hypoglycemia	Lower than normal blood sugar levels	"Hypoglycemia can cause dizziness and fainting."

Hypotension	Low blood pressure	"Hypotension may lead to dizziness or fainting."
Insomnia	Persistent problems in falling or staying asleep	"Many patients with anxiety experience insomnia."
Jaundice	Yellowing of the skin and eyes due to high bilirubin levels	"Jaundice is often seen in liver disease and newborns."
Leukemia	Cancer of the body's blood-forming tissues	"Leukemia leads to the overproduction of abnormal white blood cells."
Myocardial Infarction	Medical term for a heart attack	"He was rushed to the hospital for a myocardial infarction."
Nephritis	Inflammation of the kidneys	"Nephritis can lead to kidney failure if not treated promptly."
Osteoporosis	A condition where bones become weak and brittle	"Osteoporosis makes you more susceptible to fractures."
Pancreatitis	Inflammation of the pancreas	"Pancreatitis can be acute or chronic and requires medical attention."
Quadriplegia	Paralysis of all four limbs	"Quadriplegia can result from a severe spinal cord injury."
Rheumatoid Arthritis	A chronic inflammatory disorder affecting joints	"Rheumatoid arthritis is an autoimmune condition."
Sepsis	Body's extreme response to an infection	"Sepsis is a medical emergency that can lead to tissue damage and organ failure."
Tachycardia	Faster than normal heart rate	"The patient experienced tachycardia after the exercise test."
Ulcer	A sore that develops on the lining of the esophagus, stomach, or small intestine	"Ulcers can cause severe stomach pain and require treatment."
Vertigo	A sensation of feeling off balance or dizzy	"Vertigo can make it feel like the room is spinning."
Wheeze	A high-pitched whistling sound made while breathing	"Wheezing is often associated with asthma or bronchitis."
Xerostomia	Dry mouth, or a decrease in the production of saliva	"Xerostomia can be a side effect of certain medications."

*Please note that this is a general guide and might need to be customized to include specific terms relevant to particular medical fields or patient needs.

Additional Notes