"I" Statements Worksheet

Name: _____ Date: _____

What are "I" statements?	
"I" statements express feelings and needs without emotions constructively while reducing defensivene	ut blaming others. They help communicate difficult ess in the listener.
Basic formula:	
"I feel when because I need"	
Practice exercise	
Transform these statements.	
Instead of saying	Try an "I" statement
"You never listen to me."	
"You're always late."	

Instead of saying	Try an "I" statement
"You don't care about my feelings."	
"You're so inconsiderate."	
Real-life scenarios	
Think of recent situations where you felt upset. Complete the "I" statement for each.	
Situation 1:	
I feel	
Situation 2:	
I feel	
because	
I need	

Advanced practice
For complex emotions, try expanding your vocabulary. Instead of just "angry," consider: frustrated, irritated, annoyed, resentful, or furious. Instead of just "sad," consider: disappointed, hurt, discouraged, lonely, or hopeless.
Create an "I" statement using more specific emotions.
feel
Tips for effective "I" statements
 Focus on feelings, not accusations. Be specific about the behavior (not the person). Express your needs clearly. Tone matters as much as words. Practice in low-stress situations first.
Reflection
How did using "I" statements change the conversation?
What differences have you noticed in how the other person responded?
What was challenging about using this approach?