Bariatric Food List

Name	Date
Age	Gender
Weight	Height

General guidelines

- Make protein the centerpiece of your meals to support muscle health and feel full longer.
- Opt for lean sources of protein such as chicken, turkey, fish, and lean cuts of beef.
- Select soft, cooked vegetables like spinach, broccoli, and zucchini for easier digestion.
- Consume fruits in moderation, focusing on soft options like applesauce, berries, and canned pears.
- Keep portions small to prevent overeating and discomfort.
- Steer clear of sugary foods and beverages that can cause dumping syndrome or weight regain.
- Drink water and low-calorie beverages throughout the day to stay hydrated.
- Consume nuts and seeds sparingly due to their high calorie content.
- Incorporate whole grains like oatmeal and quinoa in small amounts.

Bariatric food list

Protein sources	Vegetables (cooked and soft)
 Lean meats (chicken, turkey, fish, lean beef) Eggs (scrambled, poached, or boiled) Tofu Greek yogurt Cottage cheese Protein shakes or powders (sugar-free and low-carb) 	 Spinach Broccoli Cauliflower Zucchini Carrots Bell peppers Green beans
Fruits	Whole grains
 Applesauce (unsweetened) Berries (strawberries, blueberries, raspberries) Bananas 	 Oatmeal (steel-cut or rolled oats) Quinoa Brown rice Whole-grain pasta (in moderation)

Pears (canned or cooked)Melon (small portions)Avocado (in moderation)	
Dairy	Nuts and seeds (in limited amount)
Skim milkLow-fat cheeseLow-fat yogurt	 Almonds Walnuts Chia seeds Flaxseeds (ground)
Fluids	Avoid or limit
 Water (sip throughout the day) Herbal tea (non-caffeinated) Broth (low-sodium) Protein drinks (sugar-free) Recommendations	 Sugary foods and beverages High-fat foods Carbonated drinks Fibrous or tough foods (raw vegetables, tough cuts of meat, etc.)
Additional notes	