Anxiety Nursing Care Plan

Patient Name:			
Date:			
Assessment			
• Symptoms: [Describe the patient's anxiety symptoms, including severity, duration, and impact on daily life.]			
 History: [Gather information about the patient's past history of anxiety, including any previous diagnoses, treatments, and response to treatment.] 			
 Risk Factors: [Identify any potential risk factors for anxiety, such as family history, genetic predisposition, stressful life events, or substance abuse.] 			
Diagnosis			
Diagnosis: [Determine if the patient meets the diagnostic criteria for an anxiety disorder based on established classification systems like the DSM-5 .]			
 Type of Anxiety Disorder: [Specify the type of anxiety disorder, such as generalized anxiety disorder, panic disorder, or social anxiety disorder.] 			
Planning			
Goals: [Establish clear, measurable, achievable, relevant, and time-bound (SMART) goals for treatment.]			
• Interventions: [Outline a range of interventions, considering both non-pharmacological and pharmacological approaches.]			

•	Non-Pharmacological interventions:			
		Psychoeducation: Provide education about anxiety disorders, their causes, and evidence-based treatment options.		
		Relaxation Techniques: Teach relaxation techniques, such as deep breathing, progressive muscle relaxation, and mindfulness meditation.		
		Coping Skills: Help patients develop coping skills to manage stress, anxiety triggers, and negative thoughts.		
		Support Groups: Facilitate participation in support groups or therapy groups for individuals with anxiety disorders.		
	Oth	ner interventions:		
•	Pharmacological Interventions: same as above			
		Medication: Administer prescribed medication as directed, monitoring for side effects and effectiveness.		
		Collaborate with the prescribing physician to ensure appropriate medication management.		
	Oth	ner interventions:		
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		gular Monitoring: Regularly monitor the patient's progress and symptoms, tracking anges over time using standardized assessment tools.		
		ervention Effectiveness: Evaluate the effectiveness of interventions and make justments to the care plan as needed to optimize treatment outcomes.		
		nctional Status: Assess the patient's functional status and ability to perform daily tivities, evaluating their overall quality of life.		
		edication Compliance: Monitor medication compliance and side effects to ensure propriate medication management.		
Additional notes:				

Communication			
Maintain open communication with the patient and their family to address concerns, provide updates, and ensure everyone is informed about the treatment plan.			
 Collaborate with other healthcare providers, such as psychiatrists, therapists, and social workers, to coordinate care and ensure a comprehensive approach. 			
 Document all assessments, interventions, and outcomes in the patient's medical record to provide continuity of care and facilitate communication among healthcare providers. 			
Additional notes:			
Discharge Planning - leave space at the bottom of this for nurse/patient etc to write any other important discharge pointers. tickbox			
 As the patient approaches discharge, provide education on self-management strategies, relapse prevention, and resource availability. 			
 Coordinate with community resources, such as support groups, therapy providers, and mental health services, to ensure ongoing care and support after discharge. 			
Document discharge instructions and follow-up plans in the patient's medical record.			
Additional notes:			